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| APPLICATION NO. | F | ILING DATE | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. | CONFIRMATION NO |
|--|------|---------------|----------------------|----------------------------|-----------------|
| 10/631,205 | | 07/31/2003 | Gerard Chauvel | TI-35432 (1962-05411) 3321 | |
| 23494 | 7590 | 03/27/2006 | | EXAMINER | |
| | | ENTS INCORPOR | LUK, LAWRENCE W | | |
| P O BOX 655474, M/S 3999 DALLAS, TX 75265 | | | | ART UNIT | PAPER NUMBER |
| , . | | | | 2187 | |

DATE MAILED: 03/27/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

| | Application No. | Applicant(s) | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | 10/631,205 | CHAUVEL ET AL. | | | | |
| Office Action Summary | Examiner | Art Unit | | | | |
| | Lawrence W. Luk | 2187 | | | | |
| The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply | ears on the cover sheet with the c | orrespondence address | | | | |
| A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). | ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time rill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE! | N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133). | | | | |
| Status | | | | | | |
| 1) ⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 31 Ju 2a) ☐ This action is FINAL. 2b) ⊠ This 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowar closed in accordance with the practice under E | action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro | | | | | |
| Disposition of Claims | | | | | | |
| 4) ⊠ Claim(s) 1-16 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) □ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ⊠ Claim(s) 1-16 is/are rejected. 7) □ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) □ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or | vn from consideration. | · | | | | |
| Application Papers | | | | | | |
| 9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on <u>02 February 2004</u> is/are Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine | e: a)⊠ accepted or b)⊡ objecte drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See ion is required if the drawing(s) is ob | e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). | | | | |
| Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 | | | | | | |
| 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. | | | | | | |
| Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 7/31/03;3/17/05. | 4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Do 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other: | | | | | |

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.
- 2. Claims 1, 2, 9 and 10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Raz et al. (6,606,743).

Claims 9 and 1

As to claims 9 and 1, Raz et al. disclose in figure 1 and 2, a system, comprising: a memory (30); a controller (16) coupled to the memory (30); a stack (12) that exists in the memory (30); wherein the memory (30) further comprises a cache memory (35, see column 3, lines 66-67) and a main memory (30); and wherein the controller adjusts its management policies depending on whether data that is being removed corresponds to a predetermined word in a cache line (see column 4, lines 19-36).

Claims 10 and 2

As to claims 10 and 2, Raz et al. disclose in column 4, lines 19-36, wherein the predetermined word is the first word in the cache line.

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. Claims 11, 12, 3 and 4 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Raz et al. (6,606,743) in view of Rowlands et al. (6,748,495).

Claims 11, 12, 3 and 4

As to claims 11, 12, 3 and 4, Raz et al. disclose the elements as claimed except Raz et al. fails to teach the limitation of wherein the cache line is invalidated and wherein the invalidated cache line is queued for replacement by a replacement policy.

Rowlands et al. disclose in column 7, lines 18-27, wherein the cache line is invalidated and wherein the invalidated cache line is queued for replacement by a replacement policy.

Raz et al. and Rowlands et al. are analogous art because they are from same field of endeavor of computer processing.

At the time of the invention it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to include wherein the invalidated cache line is queued for replacement by a replacement policy.

The suggestion/motivation for doing so would have been to provides the random number generator circuit is used to generate a replacement way for a cache. (see column 2, lines 28-29 of Rowlands et al.).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to combine Rowlands et al. with Raz et al. for the invalidated cache line is queued for replacement by a replacement policy to obtain the invention as specified in claims 11, 12, 3 and 4.

5. Claims 13 and 5 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Raz et al. (6,606,743) in view of Rowlands et al. (6,748,495) as applied to claims 12 and 4 above, and further in view of Taylor et al. (5,699,551).

Claims 13 and 5

As to claims 13 and 5, Raz et al. in view of Rowlands et al. disclose the elements as claimed except Raz et al. in view of Rowlands et al. fails to teach the limitation of wherein the replacement policy is LRU.

Taylor et al. disclose in column 7, lines 53-54, wherein the replacement based on an algorithm such as Least Recently Used (LRU).

Raz et al., Rowlands et al. and Taylor et al. are analogous art because they are from same field of endeavor of computer processing.

At the time of the invention it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to include wherein the replacement policy is LRU.

The suggestion/motivation for doing so would have been to provides a cache memory system for use in a general purpose computer. (see column 4, lines 47-48 of Taylor et al.).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to combine Taylor et al. with Raz et al. and Rowlands et al. for wherein the replacement policy is LRU to obtain the invention as specified in claims 13 and 5.

6. Claims 14, 15, 6 and 7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Raz et al. (6,606,743) in view of Vanka et al. (5,479,636).

Claims 14 and 6

As to claims 14 and 6, Raz et al. disclose the elements as claimed except Raz et al. fails to teach the limitation of wherein the predetermined word is the last word in the cache line.

Vanka et al. disclose in column 12, lines 13-17, wherein the predetermined word is the last word in the cache line.

Raz et al. and Vanka et al. are analogous art because they are from same field of endeavor of computer processor system.

At the time of the invention it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to include wherein the predetermined word is the last word in the cache line.

The suggestion/motivation for doing so would have been to provides a concurrent cache line replacement method and apparatus. (see column 2, lines 41-42 of Vanka et al.).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to combine Vanka et al. with Raz et al. for wherein the predetermined word is the last word in the cache line to obtain the invention as specified in claims 14 and 6.

Claims 15 and 7

As to claims 15 and 7, Raz et al. in view of Vanka et al. are applied supra, and Vanka et al. further disclose in column 2, lines 22-35, wherein the cache line is a dirty cache line.

7. Claims 16 and 8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Raz et al. (6,606,743) in view of Vanka et al. (5,479,636) as applied to claims 15 and 7 above, and further in view of Taylor et al. (5,699,551).

Claims 16 and 8

As to claims 16 and 8, Raz et al. in view of Vanka et al. disclose the elements as claimed except Raz et al. in view of Vanka et al. fails to teach the limitation of wherein the dirty cache line is invalidated if the predetermined word in the dirty cache line is the first word.

Taylor et al. disclose in column 16, lines 37-43, wherein the dirty cache line is invalidated if the predetermined word in the dirty cache line is the first word.

Raz et al., Vanka et al. and Taylor et al. are analogous art because they are from same field of endeavor of computer processing.

At the time of the invention it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to include the dirty cache line is invalidated if the predetermined word in the dirty cache line is the first word.

The suggestion/motivation for doing so would have been to provides a cache memory system for use in a general purpose computer. (see column 4, lines 47-48 of Taylor et al.).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to combine Taylor et al. with Raz et al. and Vanka et al. for wherein the dirty cache line is invalidated if the predetermined word in the dirty cache line is the first word to obtain the invention as specified in claims 16 and 8.

Conclusion

8. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Lawrence W. Luk whose telephone number is 571-272-2080. The examiner can normally be reached on 7 a.m. to 5 p.m..

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Donald Sparks can be reached on (571)272-4201. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

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LWL March 15, 2006

Lawrence hette examiner 3/15/06